

Lot #

## MATERIAL DATA SHEET

### Anti-Proteasome 19S Subunit S7

#### Cat. # AP-112 (100 µl)

The proteasome is a large, multimeric protease that catalyzes the final step of the UPP intracellular protein degradation. The proteasome exists in multiple forms within the eukaryotic cell, and contained in all isoforms is the catalytic core known as the 20S proteasome. The 700kDa 20S proteasome is arranged as four axially stacked heptameric rings with multicatalytic centers located within the internal cavity of the  $\beta$ -subunits. The proteasome's endogenous substrates are polyubiquitinated proteins. The form of the proteasome that recognizes and degrades these proteins is the 26S proteasome. This 1500 kDa species is formed in an ATP dependent manner with the addition of two copies of the 19S regulator on the 20S catalytic core. The 19S regulator complex is composed of 16 different subunits ranging in size from 30 kDa to 120 kDa and contains an ubiquitin chain receptor, ATPase activity and deubiquitinating activity.

#### Product Information

<b>Immunogen:</b>	Human recombinant proteasome 19S subunit S7.
<b>Host/Isotype:</b>	Rabbit polyclonal
<b>Reactivity:</b>	Antibody detects human proteasome 19S subunit S7 (47 kDa).
<b>Stock:</b>	100 µl of IgG in PBS with 1 mg/ml BSA + 0.05% NaN <sub>3</sub> .

#### Use & Storage

<b>Specificity:</b>	Recommended dilution for Western blot is 1:1000. Antibody is also functional for immunoprecipitation.
<b>Storage:</b>	Store vial at -80°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

#### Literature

<b>References:</b>	Bajorek M and Glickman M.H. (2004) <i>Cell. Mol. Life. Sci.</i> <b>61</b> :1579-1588 Coux O. (1999) <i>Ann. Rev. Biochem.</i> <b>65</b> :801-847 Voges D., <i>et al.</i> (1999) <i>Ann. Rev. Biochem.</i> <b>68</b> :1015-1068
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